



STANDARD PIANOS.
THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME
—PURCHASED—
KIMBALL
PIANOS
—SO DID THE—
BAIRD COLLEGE,
ST. FRANCIS CONVENT,
OUR LADY OF ANGELS
SEMINARY,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Southern California Agency at
BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE,
103 N. SPRING ST.

AMUSEMENTS.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF AL. MAYMAN.
THREE NIGHTS, commencing THURSDAY, FEB. 18.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
JOSEPH JEFFERSON
COMEDY COMPANY.

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RED RICE'S.
RED RICE'S, FRIDAY, FEB. 19. TRY
to match the bargains in furniture we are
offering you. It can't be done. We have marked
everything down, yes, and in plain figures.
Marked everything so low that you positively
can't do as well anywhere. That being the
case, it will surely pay you to come to RED
RICE'S BAZAAR, 125 & 126 S. Main St., Los
Angeles.

POPULAR LUNCH RESORTS.
HOLLENBECK CAFE—
214 AND 216 W. SECOND ST.
J. R. AULL, Prop.
—OYSTERS ANY STYLE, 50c DOZ.—

HOTELS.
HOLLENBECK HOTEL—
LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE CITY.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.
CORNER SPRING AND SECOND STS.
R. G. PAY & SON, Proprietors.

BELLEVUE TERRACE HOTEL—
Largest and Finest Tourist and Family
Hotel in the City. Rates from \$1.25 to \$2.50 per day. Special rates by
the week or month. Cor. Sixth and First Sts.
C. W. STEWART, Prop.

FIRE INSURANCE.
INSURE—
DOUBSON & VETTER, 214 & Broadway.
Assessments.

HANNA & WEBB.
204 SOUTH SPRING ST.
ARE PREPARED TO TAKE FULL
CHARGE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY
PROPERTY, GIVE IN PROPER AS-
SESSMENTS, PAY TAXES, COLLECT
RENTS, BUY, SELL, MAKE APPRAISE-
MENTS, AND ATTEND TO ALL MAT-
TERS PERTAINING TO REAL PROP-
ERTY.

BETTS & SILENT—
Second Broadway.
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
We offer loans on business corners on Broadway
close in prices as high as—
\$25,000, lot on west side Figueroa, near
Adams st., contains handsome saloon; a bar-
room at \$40,000.
Twenty acres bearing Navel oranges near
Duarte, which will pay 30c per cent. on price
paid on full cash sale.
We have several good things to offer. List
your "wants" or "wills" with us; the demand ex-
ceeds the supply.

OPEN EVENINGS—DR. J. H. CHRON-
HITE'S DENTAL PARLOR, 455 S. Broad-
way, Cor. Fifth St. All dental operations
for consultation or while in the city. Hours
evening hours, 7:30 to 10 p.m.

MONEY TO LOAN.
\$1,500,000
TO LOAN AT 2% ON LUMBER LOAN AND IN-
SURANCE AGENCY.
297 W. Second St., adjoining Herald office.
—AGENTS FOR THE—
GERMAN SAVINGS BANK, LOS ANGELES SOCIETY
OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY LOANS
money in any amount on all kinds of per-
sonal property and collateral security, on plane
and motor vehicles, on stock, bonds, car-
riages, carriages, libraries, bicycles and build-
ing association stock, or any property of value;
also on furniture, household goods, etc. In war-
house; partial payments received; money with-
drawn at private residence. 118 & 119 S. Broad-
way, 2nd floor, opposite U. S. Bank. Hours,
10 a.m. to 5 p.m., opposite Nadeau Hotel.

HOME RULE.

The Long Expected Measure Introduced.

It Encounters a Cyclone of Opposition in the Commons.

John Morley Characterizes It as the "Rotterdam Reel."

Irish Factions Unite in Raising a Storm of Ridicule Against the Measure—Liberalism Sees in It a Conservative Defeat.

By Telegraph to the Times.
LONDON, Feb. 18.—[By Cable and As-
sociated Press.] The long-talked-of
Irish Local Government Bill was intro-
duced in the Commons today by Bal-
four. Balfour, in explaining the bill,
said that it was not merely a county
council bill, but was what, in England,
would be described as a district and
county bill. By its provisions admin-
istrative duties will be given to baron-
ial councils, leaving wholly untouched
the judicial duties now intrusted to the
grand jury. Members of the county
and baronial councils will be elected
every three years. The government
proposed following the Scotch rather
than the English measure in the matter
of aldermen.

Many people in Ireland, said Balfour,
feared that the measure would result in
extravagance, possibly corruption. He
denied this. In the first county councils
there would be four ex-officio members
—the Lord Lieutenant of the county,
sheriff, nominee of the grand jury and
nominee of the presentment sessions.
The qualifications of the voters for
county councilmen and baronial coun-
cillmen would be identical. Illiterate
persons and those who did not pay
county taxes would have no vote.
Balfour explained the workings of the
bill as proposed, and said the system of
franchise suggested would give the
minority a vote in the county councils.
The councils might use their power to
oppress the small minority and might be
guilty of wilful and persistent corrup-
tion. (Irish juries bearing Navel oranges
near Duarte, which will pay 30c per cent. on price
paid on full cash sale.)

He said that the measure would not
be a reality. Such dangers did not exist
in England. Provision was made to
allow twenty cess-payers to apply to
the judge of assizes for leave to peti-
tion for the removal of counselors of
the barony or county on the ground of
persistent disobedience of the law, cor-
ruption or oppression, and if the charge
established their guilt the counselors
would be removed by nomination of the
Lord Lieutenant. (Irish juries bearing Navel oranges
near Duarte, which will pay 30c per cent. on price
paid on full cash sale.)

Replying to Healy, Balfour said that
the bill would not affect the police sys-
tem of Ireland and taxation would re-
main as at present. Balfour said that he
did not pretend that the bill would re-
generate Ireland, but he sincerely thought
the Irish rate-payer had a right to
claim the same measure granted in En-
gland. He said that the bill was intro-
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the judicial duties now intrusted to the
grand jury. Members of the county
and baronial councils will be elected
every three years. The government
proposed following the Scotch rather
than the English measure in the matter
of aldermen.

John Morley characterized the bill as
the "rottenest reel" the Irish minority
ever went on for the retention of priv-
ileges. He declared that the measure
was a fraud in its absolute distrust of
the Irish people. It was, in fact, based
on the assumption that they were "de-
based helots."

The whole opposition broke forth into
cheers when Morley called on the gov-
ernment to go before the people on the
measure.

In concluding he affirmed that the bill
was a mockery, was a falsification of
the pledges of the government and fur-
nished grounds for the manifestation of
further irritation in Ireland.

FRENCH CRISIS.

The Ministry Defeated in the Chamber.

All Members of the Cabinet Hand in Their Resignations.

The Outlook for Forming a New Ministry Very Dubious.

The Downfall of the De Freycinet Government Precipitated by a Debate on Recent Church and State Troubles.

By Telegraph to the Times.
PARIS, Feb. 18.—[By Cable and As-
sociated Press.] All members of the
French ministry have tendered their
resignations to President Carnot. The
cause of the resignation of the ministry
was the action of the Chamber of De-
puties in connection with the bill deal-
ing with associations.

This afternoon Hubbard demanded
urgency for the bill as a reply to the
attitude of the French Chamber.
Cassagnac described the bill as an in-
equitable measure.

Premier De Freycinet denied that the
measure was intended as an act of per-
secution of the church or that it need
be regarded as the precursor of a sepa-
ration of church and state. He warmly
commended the conciliatory spirit of
the Pope. He added: "We doubtless
will be called upon some day to treat
with the Vatican on the religious ques-
tion. A portion of the clergy may
possibly refuse to enter upon the path
pointed out for them, but universal
suffrage will judge between the two
policies." In conclusion
De Freycinet gave assent to the de-
mand for urgency, though he said that
he would not enter upon the signifi-
cance of Hubbard's motion. Finally
De Freycinet again rose and demanded
that the order of the day be moved, as
indicating the views of the Chamber on
the subject.

The vote of the Chamber being taken
Boissier's motion was rejected—304
to 203.

The ministers, recognizing defeat,
immediately left the house in a body.
The Chamber then rejected the urgency
motion by a vote of 248 to 246.

The crisis, which was completely un-
foreseen when the Chamber met, was
brought about by a coalition of Radicals
and the Right. The divisions revealed
a Radical strength of 191 votes,
which of Cardinal Richard, Arch-
bishop of Paris, to communicate to the
French authorities the letter written to
him by the Pope, in which His Holiness
enjoins the French prelates to give
their adhesion to the republic. Cardinal
Rampolla, Papal Secretary of State,
has notified the French government
that the papal nuncio at Paris has been
instructed to distribute copies of the
Pope's letter to the bishops.

IN THE MIKADO'S REALM.
Aid for Earthquake Sufferers—Terrible
Calamity.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—[By the As-
sociated Press.] The steamer Belgic
arrived this afternoon from Hong Kong
and Yokohama. Japanese advices
state that up to January 15 \$143,000
had been subscribed by Japanese for re-
lief of the earthquake sufferers.
The Nagoya Chamber of Commerce
estimates that the losses on property
destroyed and the immediate
effect on commerce aggregate \$1,740,-
000. The statement is made that
earthquake victims, which have been of
daily occurrence at Gifu and Nagoya
since October 28, the date of the great
quake, have about ceased. Much want
and suffering still prevails in the af-
fected localities.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

A French Watering Place the Scene.

A Wealthy American's Wife Detected in an Intrigue.

Her Paramour Shot Dead by Her In-
furiated Husband.

All the Parties Members of the Highest
Circles—The Betrayer of the Woman
an Attache of a French
Legation.

By Telegraph to the Times.
CANNES (France), Feb. 18.—[By Cable
and Associated Press.] The most in-
tense excitement was caused in the
large American colony here today by
the announcement that one of the most
prominent visitors at the place, Ed-
ward Parker Deacon, a native of the
United States, had shot and killed a
Frenchman connected with the diplo-
matic service, named Arbellie. The
story is the old one of a handsome
woman mated to a man who she betrays,
forgetting honor in her infatuation or
fancy for another man, bringing shame
and sorrow upon her family.

Deacon and his wife were sojourning
for some time past at the Hotel
Splendide with their four children.
For a time Deacon has suspected his
wife of being unduly intimate with
Arbellie, and kept a close watch. Last
night he discovered Arbellie in his wife's
chamber. He summoned the secretary
of the hotel and together they went to
Mrs. Deacon's apartment and forced
the door. Mrs. Deacon was alone. The
husband proceeded to an adjoining
room and armed with a revolver, Arbellie
tempting to hide himself behind a chair,
Deacon leveled a revolver at the man
and fired three shots, fatally wounding
the Frenchman. Deacon was at once
arrested, but it is the general opinion
among the American colony here that he
"did just the right thing."

Another report of the affair says that
Deacon had gone up to Paris, but re-
turned suddenly and went straight to
his wife's bedroom. Mrs. Deacon ap-
pears, had no idea that her husband
would return so soon. Rumor has it
that Deacon's unexpected return was
caused by an anonymous letter said to
have been written by a jealous woman.
The wife of Deacon went into the room
he found, the story has it, his wife in
bed and Mr. Arbellie standing by the
bedside, evidently having sprung out of
bed with the intention of escaping.
After having reproached his wife, who
admitted that she was unfaithful, he
fired, fell on her knees and piteously im-
plored him to forgive her, the Ameri-
can, it is said, turned his wrath upon
Arbellie, who had professed the utmost
friendship for the confiding husband,
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FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROPERTY
or smaller home in bearing fruit, or alfalfa
40 acres with water near a highway, adapted to orange, lemon or fig culture. Price \$100,000.00. Call for details. Call or write value \$8000. Also cottage of six rooms, fully decorated, near University, and \$2000 in furniture. Call for details. Residence in Los Angeles or Pasadena. Address, S. HAWLEY, University postoffice.

FOR EXCHANGE—FULLY PRO-
ductive, well established, profitable business will take in exchange a well-established lucrative business in the city; owner is obliged to sell. Call for details. Call or write value make the exchange: value of property, \$100,000.00. NOLAN & SMITH, 226 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—A BATHING
room cottage, a beautiful lot, on a large lot on clear, sunny hill. Call for details.

will take in exchange part cash or mortgage and balance in vacant lot or groceries or if suitable, or any kind of business, price of property, \$3000. NOLAN & SMITH, 226 W. 5th St.

FOR EXCHANGE—
Income-bearing fruit ranch for city or Minnesota property.
Cottage and lot in city, clear, for raisin land.
Choice orange grove for good city property.
GRIFFIN & BILLINGS, 136 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—NICE RESIDENCE
of 10 rooms, on lot 50x200, on principal

FOR EXCHANGE—80 or 160 AC. good fruit or farming land in Tulare county, convenient to the towns of Tulare and Arvin. Will take vacant lot or acreage worth \$1000 for the equity. **NOLAN & SONS**, 228 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD 4-ROOM residence and lot 50x150, in south-

west part of the city near Adams st. and
from the electric line, price, \$1900;
exchange, \$1000. Call or address Lot at Reo
NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—20 OR 40 ACRES
first-class walnut or orange land near
vanya, plenty of water; I want 10 to 20 a-
bearing orange and fruit land east of Los A-
call or address LOS ANGELES
HAT STORE, 115 N. 4th St.

FOR EXCHANGE—THE HANDSOM
9-room residence on vanya st. between
Sixth and Tenth sts.; lot full size and loca-
very desirable; will take in exchange part of

FOR EXCHANGE—WILL TAKE
Cash and balance city property, price
an acre 180 acres show level land and
Valley, small house, 60 acres plowed, good
with U. S. patent. Call 130 S. SPRING
room 7.

FOR EXCHANGE—IF YOU DON'T
what you want, call on me. If you
well, rent or exchange your property or
ness, see me. CLAUDIUS, 130 S. Br
way, resident agent.

FOR EXCHANGE—A ROOM HOUSE

FOR LOT, southwest near Figueroa st., for larger house on the hills or close in; assume small amount. Address L. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR EXCHANGE—NICE 10-ROOM 11-idence on Olive, near Price. Price, \$101,000. Call about 4 cash and balance, in small house and lot. SOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. 8th and 9th st.

FOR EXCHANGE—OR LEASE, 80 AC. of petroleum mining land near the Pacific Coast Oil Wells. Call on or address E. PAYNE, Sixth and Broadway, Los Angeles.

FOR EXCHANGE — 40 ACRES G. foothill land in the frostless belt; \$3000; will exchange for house and lot or 2000 ft. of beach. 223 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD IMPROVEMENTS Pomona valued at \$4000 house and lot in south or west part of the NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—SAN BERNARDINO Co. house and acre, worth \$5000, for farm in any Eastern State. POINDEXTRE LIST, 127 W. Second at.

FOR EXCHANGE—BUSINESS AND

FIRST IDENTITY PROPERTY FOR RANCHES AND RANCH COUNTRY PROPERTY. F. A. HUTCHINSON, 217 First St., San Francisco.

FOR EXCHANGE—ABOUT 20 FIRST CLASS HOMES for any good country or city property. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second St.

FOR EXCHANGE—160 ACRES, FREE FRUITLAND, ALFALFA, ORANGE GROVE Co., fine fruit land, improved, 60 POINDEXTER & LIST, 127 W. Second st.

FOR EXCHANGE—50 ACRES ALFALFA LAND, part in alfalfa, for city property. LEB & HERRIOTT, 114 N. Spring st.

FOR EXCHANGE—DRUG STORE
vacant lots or acres. 110 S. BROAD

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE DIAMONDS
a lot. Room 6, 226 S. SPRING ST.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—"ECONOMIC" PRICES.

Is brown Sugar, 41; 10 lbs Cornmeal
German, 30c; self-raising Flour, 15c;
Strup, 55c; 5 lbs Buckwheat, 25c; 6 lbs
Oats, 25c; Mountain Coffee, 25c; 5 lbs
Tea, \$1; 6 lbs Raisins, 25c; 3 lbs Prunes

[illegible]

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, CLAIRmont; consultations on business, love, marriage, disease, mineral locations, life reading, etc. Spruce and Washington sts., Vermont ave. south to Vine st., second from Vermont ave.

PERSONAL—GREENGART & CO., Commercial st., opp. Farmers' and Chautauk Bank, pay the highest prices in the city for any kind of gems; second-hand diamonds, rubies and we will give them prompt attention.

PERSONAL—\$5 REWARD FOR INFORMATION leading to the location of child.

PERSONAL-ARTISTES KNOWING
whereabouts of J. A. LeBout, or who came of his wife, Bella, will learn of matter interest by addressing P. O. BOX 2352, this city.

PERSONAL - BALDNESS CURED
simple and effective method. If the follicles are not entirely destroyed. ROOF Postoffice building.

PERSONAL-ARRIVED-MADAM B

I MONT, the wonderful clairvoyant leader; advice on business and love. 2 Fifth St., room 603.

PERSONAL—SECOND-HAND CLOTHING. MORRIS always has new clothes at other dealers. 217 COMMERCIAL ST.

PERSONAL—MEDIUM, 236½ S. SPENCER ST. Mrs. M. E. WEEKS-WRIGHT, 89 and 88.

PERSONAL—MRS. LENZBERG, Spiritual medium, 480 Beaudry ave. near Taylor.

PERSONAL—L. T. CLEMANS, Electric Works, 1214 Taylor st.

PERSONAL—MRS. L. H. MITCH
spiritual medium, 316 W. FIFTH ST.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—OR STOLEN, A LADY'S P
containing \$5 in gold, a Masonic pin
list of Santa Fe Springs town lots. The
owner would be exceedingly glad to be
same to TIMES OFFICE.

LOST—A LIVER AND WHITE
pointer dog; has little of his tail
cut off; will answer to the name of "H

LOST—SMALL PACKAGE OF LACE in the neighborhood of Spring and Main. People's Store ticket inside. Leave at TIMES OFFICE, P. box 6, and receive reward.

LOST—ST. BERNARD BITCH, OR—same brindle and white; return to the owner and receive reward. H. H. ALLEN, rooms 1-4, Rogers Block, New High st.

LOST—FEB. 18, BETWEEN HAN—drug store and the People's Store, a

LOST—\$100 REWARD; THIS AMOUNT will be returned to the owner of the diamond earrings lost on the evening of 10th inst., and no questions asked.

FOUND—A PURSE CONTAINING etc. Call at TIMES OFFICE and pick up.

LOST—A BROWN OVERCOAT. FINDER will leave at TIMES OFFICE and receive reward.

MASSAGE.
VAPOR AIR BATHS AND
MASSAGE INSTITUTE.
L. GOSSMANN'S Natur Heilanstalt H
and Massage, 408 S. Broadway.
MASSAGE AND ELECTRIC T
ment. Walt Moore, masseur and m
electrician, Menlo Hotel, 426 S. Main st
780.
MASSAGE, ELECTRICITY AND I
tric baths. MRS. DR. C. ANDER
Postoffice Block, rooms 11 and 12.

CHIROPODISTS.
MISS C. STAFFER, 211 W. FIRST
opposite Nadeau. Corns, bunions &
growing toe nails treated. Hours 9 a.m. to
D. E. B. ZACHAU, SURGEON CHIROP
dist; diseases of feet only. 124 E.

ORANGE LANDS AT REDLANDS

On 10 years' time

20 ACRES OF THE finest orange land within 1 mile of the two railroad depots at Redlands for \$300 per acre, including the water piped to the highest corner. Only \$300 cash down and the balance can run for ten (10) years at 6% per cent. interest; 5 acres or 10 acres of it will be sold at the same price and terms.

1 TWO-STORY HOUSE and 4 1/2 acres of Washington Navel oranges on the finest residence street in Redlands. Price only \$6000; one-third cash down, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 6% per cent. net interest.

10 ACRES only two blocks from the Redlands postoffice; all in fine orange trees 6 years old. If sold immediately only \$10,000; this property is worth nearly double the amount to sell as city lots at present prices.

10, 20, 40 or 80 ACRES on Montone Highlands adjoining the famous Montone Nurseries where the lemon buds have grown 8 feet last season, and orange buds 6 feet without being fertilized; where the severe frosts of this winter have not injured a single tree; where it is so calm that the orange trees do not require any stakes; where the settlers have pure mountain water to drink free of charge; where you can see nearly every town in the valley, and all trains running into Montone on all the railroads from your own door; where people go from 100 miles distant to buy 1-year-old prune trees for 20 cents each by the 1000, and peaches and apricots at 15 cents each; where the 1-year-old lemon trees (budded) sell at \$1.50 each and orange trees at \$1.00 each by the 1000; where there is only about 200 acres of this choice land now unsold and can be bought at \$300 per acre. Terms, one-third cash, balance on or before 5 years at 8 per cent interest. 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts at Montone, nearer town, and fully as good for oranges and other fruits, but not suitable for nursery stock, at \$200 per acre; only 10 per cent cash and balance on 5 years' time.

Apply to **W. P. MCINTOSH, Gen. Manager,**
144 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

LEDIG WORLD DISPENSARY

The Los Angeles Surgical Institute,
123 SOUTH MAIN STREET

A Medical and Surgical Institute for the cure of all nervous and chronic diseases. Branch of the Dr. Ledig Company of San Francisco, and now located at 123 South Main street, Los Angeles. They are the only specialists in Los Angeles performing the latest surgical operations required for a radical cure of Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele, etc. Urinary Kidney and Bladder troubles quickly eradicated.

SPECIALTIES: Blood and Skin Diseases, completely and permanently eradicated from the system. Nervous Debility, Sexual Weakness and Unfitness for Marriage yield readily to their mode of treatment. Infectious or Contagious Diseases, loss of Vital Power, Gleet, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex positively cured. Those suffering from Piles, Fistula and Rectal diseases fully restored to health. All medicines compounded in their own laboratory and FREE TO PATIENTS. Long experience, with unparalleled success, is the best evidence of a doctor's skill. Thousands successfully cured by correspondence.

EXPERIENCED PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Each eminent in his specialty, selected for their skill and experience in treating Nervous, Private, Chronic and Skin Diseases.

DISEASES TREATED SUCCESSFULLY:
Nasal, Throat and Lung Diseases; Diseases of the Digestive Organs; Constipation; Liver, Kidney and Bladder Complaints; Bright's Disease; Diabetes and kindred affections; Diseases of the Bladder; Stricture, Fits, Nervous Diseases, Lost Manhood, Piles, Diseases of Children and Women treated with unfailing success. Separate offices for ladies, and in charge of the Staff Surgeons from San Francisco, who personally perform all surgical operations. They are graduates of one of the leading universities and duly licensed as Physicians and Surgeons in California.

ALL CHRONIC DISEASES AND DEFORMITIES.
The afflicted are informed that this institution is supplied with skill, ability, facilities and appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases of disease and chronic ailments, no matter what cause arising. Nervous Debility, Lack of Youthful Vigor, Men, the result of excesses, sexual debility, impotency, etc., are cured.

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE.
A friendly talk may save you years of suffering and perhaps your life. Out-of-town patients treated by correspondence. All communications and consultations sacredly confidential.

If the Dr. Ledig Company cannot cure you no power on earth can. Take one candid thought before it is too late. Those ruined in health by unlearned pretenders and those whom other physicians have pronounced incurable especially requested to try the latest improved methods now adopted and cures guaranteed in curable cases.

The Dr. Ledig Company are the oldest, most reliable and successful San Francisco Special Surgeons and Physicians, and on account of thousands of maltrated cases by so-called "doctors" in Los Angeles they have opened Permanent Branch Offices in Los Angeles at 123 South Main street and write for particulars. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; 7 p.m. to 9 p.m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 only.

THE SALE OF LANDS AT EAST WHITTIER! The breeze which calls the gentle zephyr that shook 'em up at Pasadena didn't hurt East Whittier.

The frost that so seriously afflicted nearly the whole of Southern California did not touch East Whittier.

The cyclone that is whizzing about the Reform School, although it is close by, don't bother East Whittier.

The talk about war with Chile doesn't chill East Whittier as the big guns of the Bernalillo or the Capt. Pratt, when she comes, won't reach East Whittier.

The big rains the prophets say are coming won't hurt East Whittier, as she is above 'em all, snug against the foothills warm and sunny, her young lemon trees in bloom; her 8-year orange trees loaded with golden fruit, and her sales going merrily on to the tune of first come, first served.

Buy a Ten,
Set it out,
Let it grow;
Few years make
You rich.
Live happy ever after.

It's a fact that the choicest locations are going fast, so come and make your selection. \$200 per acre is still the price.

Call on DR. JESSOP at Whittier; he has the easiest riding cart on the road and will show you the lands. Bring along your wife as she will want to see the land too, and it will save your going back to consult. For any question you want answered write the Doctor, or

A. L. REED, Gen. Mangr.

At Whittier.

TRY MOKI HERB TEA!

A CALIFORNIA REMEDY.

HEALTH RESTORER—Frees the system from all effete matter.

EASY, sure action. Nature's assistant. Always reliable.

READY RELIEF from Stomach, Liver and Kidney trouble.

BLOOD PURIFIER, pure complexion, clear brain.

THIS is above all a woman's remedy—her true friend.

EQUALLY wonderful in its effect on old and young, either sex.

A UNIVERSAL remedy. Prevents sickness. Saves doctors' bills.

WHAT IS SAID OF IT?
A marvelous remedy. Never leaves any bad effect. The most pleasant and effective remedy ever used. Cured me of a grippe.

A single teaspoonful in a cup of boiling water will make a tea that is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acceptable to the most delicate stomach. It frees the system from all impurities, and health and a pure complexion must result. To be taken on retiring and its effect is "Good morning" about 8 o'clock. No griping or unpleasantness. Take it for a week! Free your system from effete matter. You will feel exhilarated, bright and fresh as a May morning. Try a package; sure to do you good and to please you.

Price only 50c. For sale by all dealers.

HANCOCK BANNING
—IMPORTER OF SOUTH FIELD—
WELINGTON COAL
LUMP
\$11.25 per TON; 65c per OWT.
Offices: 111 W. SECOND ST.; Telephone 36.
YARD: 888 North Main Street. Telephone 1047.
WOOD AND KIDNEY.

Bargains
IN OUR
MIDDLE WINDOW!

SUITS
FOR
\$10.00
ALL
WORTH MORE!

Must Have
ROOM!
Spring Stock
Coming
FAST

Corner Spring & Temple Streets.

HERE AT LAST.

The Famous Boston Railroad Photograph Car Reaches Los Angeles.

A few years ago, when a Boston firm of photographers fitted up a car and started it out over the Eastern railroads to get business wherever they went, it was found, it was regarded generally as rather a visionary undertaking in which there could be very little if any profit. But the projectors had very clear notions as to what they wanted to do and how it could be done. The car was equipped with every modern appliance for doing the best of work, and the artists sent with it were as fine as Boston has ever produced. The enterprise was a success from the start, and the first car was followed by another, until now there are six on the road. Excluding this Coast, every city and town of importance in the United States and Canada has been visited, many of them several times, and the number of pictures that have been made is simply incalculable. The car that is here turned out, in Prescott, Ariz., 8984 photos; in Albuquerque, 10,862; in Cheyenne, 22,000, and in Denver, 64,240. In Los Angeles it is expected to "break the record." Tomorrow is "baby day," and every mother who visits the car, (which stands just east of the old San Fernando street depot) can get one finished cabinet photo of her child free of cost.

Alessandro!
A beautiful valley that has all the advantages of Redlands, excepting the fact that it is a newer country. Exclusive agents for over 2000 acres. Agents for over 2000 acres. Have sold 400 acres to sharp and well-posted buyers in the past few months. Prices from \$45 to \$30 an acre.

SHARPLESS & BROWN,
Agents for Alessandro lands.
B. W. Brown, Moreno.
T. H. Sharpless, Redlands.

Good Buys for Somebody!
10 acres eight-year-old bearing orange trees, \$12,000.
20 acres, 12 years bearing orange trees, balance improved, \$17,000.
20 acres, 8 years bearing orange trees, balance improved, \$10,000.
9 1/2 acres, all in good bearing oranges and raisins, \$13,500.

Sole agents for all above properties, all below regular prices. Agent has improved properties from \$200 to \$800 each. Unimproved lands in tracts to suit purchasers, from 5 acres up to 3000 acres.

T. H. SHARPLESS,
State St., near Hotel Windsor, Redlands, Cal.

We have resolved to give the public the benefit of the following low prices until further notice:

Dentists.
Teeth extracted without pain, 50c, by the use of gas, local application or freezing, on contract. Sets of teeth, \$8 and up; crowns, \$1 and up; bridge work, \$1 per tooth and up; gold fillings, \$1 and up; gold alloy, \$1 and up; silver, 75c and up; cement, 50c and up; cleaning teeth, 50c and up.

Los Angeles Rubber Stamp Co.,
Notary and Corporate Seals, Rubber Stamps, Brass Stencils, Key and Baggage Checks, Badges, Steel Stamps, etc.
224 West First St.,
Near Broadway, Los Angeles.

HOTEL WINDSOR
REDLANDS, CAL.
RATES: \$1.00 to \$3.00 PER DAY.
Special Rates by the week.
Free bus to and from all trains.
Campbell T. Lodge, Prop.

CLEVELAND'S
One rounded teaspoonful of Cleveland's Baking Powder does more and better work than a heaping teaspoonful of any other.
A large saving on a year's bakings.

A pure cream of tartar powder. Used in the U. S. Army and by teachers of Cookery. Cleveland's is the standard, it never varies, it does the most work, the best work and is perfectly wholesome.

THE COURTS.
Samouset Found Guilty of Seduction.
A Sensation in the Alvarado-Rawson Land Case.
Nathaniel Pryor Charged with Tampering with a Witness.
Suit for Breach of Contract Before Judge Shaw—Several Divorce Cases Filed—General Court Notes.

The trial of the Samouset seduction case, which was resumed before Judge Smith and a jury in Department One yesterday morning, attracted an unusual number of people, the courtroom being crowded to excess almost all day. The taking of testimony was concluded by noon, and at 1 o'clock W. C. Bledsoe, Esq., opened the argument on behalf of the prosecution. He was followed by Messrs. Howard and S. M. White for the defense, and Assistant District Attorney McComas made the closing address to the jury, to whom the case was finally submitted at 4:12 o'clock. That body returned into court at 7:45 o'clock with a verdict of guilty as charged, and the defendant was remanded to the custody of the Sheriff to await sentence.

ANOTHER CASE OF CONTEMPT.
During the trial of the case of Candalaria Tapia de Alvarado vs. James Rawson et al., an action to quiet title to a lot on Upper Main and New High streets, before Judge McKinley yesterday morning, a sensation was caused by the filing of the following affidavit by Francisco Rivas, one of the plaintiff's witnesses therein:
I am and at all the times in this affidavit mentioned was a duly subpoenaed witness for the plaintiff in the above-entitled case. On the 15th day of February, 1892, at the city of Los Angeles, I was approached by Nathaniel Pryor, who asked me if I was a witness in said case. I replied that I was a witness for the plaintiff, and that my testimony would prove that he was a crazy woman. Pryor asked me if I was getting any pay. I replied that I had not received any pay, but expected to get my fees as a witness. Pryor replied that I would not get any pay from the plaintiff's side, but that he was the representative of the other side, and that if I would testify for that side he would see that I got my \$2 regularly every day. Pryor stating that the plaintiff had no money, and that all the money was on the other side. I asked Pryor what he wanted me to testify to, and he replied that he wanted me to say the plaintiff was not crazy. I refused to accede to his request.

Further this witness saith not.
FRANCISCO RIVAS, his mark.
A. W. SEAYER, Witness to mark.

Judge McKinley ordered that a citation issue, directing Pryor to appear before him at 2 o'clock p.m. and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of court. At that hour Pryor presented himself with his counsel, H. T. Gage, Esq., but upon the latter's motion the hearing of the matter was deferred until Friday, the 26th inst.

BREACH OF CONTRACT.
In Department Five yesterday the case of E. J. Durrell vs. H. E. Fraley et al., an action to recover damages in the sum of \$20,000 for an alleged breach of contract, came on for trial before Judge Shaw, but was not concluded and will be taken up again this morning.

The plaintiff alleges that on August 14, 1888, he entered into a contract with Fraley, whereby the latter agreed to convey his "Mountain rancho," consisting of 320 acres of land, north of Peck in San Miguel County, N. M., together with a house and its contents, and 450 head of cattle, in exchange for the La Crescenta Hotel at Crescenta, ten acres of land adjoining it, five lots at Alhambra, one at Pasadena and one at Brooklyn Heights. After the deal had been made, however, he found that defendant did not have as many cattle or as much land as he had represented, and as the latter refused to live up to the agreement this suit was brought. The plaintiff was represented by Messrs. Washburn and Hubbell, while Messrs. Carran, Hendershott and G. W. Pritchard of New Mexico appeared for the defense. At the close of the plaintiff's testimony the defendant moved the Court for judgment of nonsuit, which motion was taken under advisement.

TWO YEARS IN SAN QUENTIN.
In Department One yesterday morning Fred Baker appeared before Judge Smith to receive sentence, he having entered his plea of guilty to two charges of burglary preferred against him by a Chinaman, who saw him break into the Bannan and McDonald residences at Wilmington on the 2d inst., and the Court, upon convicting him of burglary in the second degree, committed him to San Quentin for two years.

TO QUIET TITLE.
In Department Four yesterday morning Judge Van Dyke heard the case of F. J. Gilmore, executor of the estate of Lucy Gilmore, deceased, against the city of Los Angeles, an action to quiet title to a piece of land on Second and Hill streets, being the westerly half of lot 5, block 2 1/2 of Ord's survey, and City Attorney McDonald having entered a formal disclaimer to the property in controversy, a decree was ordered in favor of plaintiff as prayed for without costs.

DIVORCE SUITS.
Suits for divorce have been commenced this week by Mrs. Nettie Bradley against George J. Bradley, Mrs. Sarah H. Bartlett against Enoch M. Bartlett, Mrs. Cora M. Cain vs. F. R. Cain, Mrs. Anna Bell Bradley vs. George T. Bruce and Mrs. Harriet T. Matthews vs. Theodore Matthews.

Court Notes.
In the United States Circuit Court yesterday morning Judge Ross granted an extension of time for ninety days in which to take the testimony in the case of Richard Gird vs. the California Oil Company.

Upon motion of the defendant the trial of the case against E. E. Norton, who was indicted by the grand jury for having obtained property by means of false pretenses, was reset by Judge Shaw yesterday for March 1 next.

Peter Fisk, a native of Sweden, was duly admitted to citizenship of the United States by Judge Shaw yesterday upon producing the necessary proofs of residence here and taking the usual oaths of renunciation and allegiance.

In Department Two, yesterday, the trial of the case of E. E. Brainerd et al. vs. Frank Kyraud, an action to recover damages in the sum of \$1800, alleged to have been sustained by reason of a band of sheep belonging to defendant trespassing on plaintiff's land, was resumed before Judge Clark. At the close of plaintiff's testimony the defendant moved the Court for a judgment of nonsuit, which motion was ordered submitted upon briefs.

Judge Clark yesterday morning denied the application of the State Loan and Trust Company for letters of administration to the estate of John D. Walker, deceased, who died on September 2 last in Napa county, leaving personal property here valued at \$67,900, and granted that of William H. Walker, a brother of the deceased, his bond being fixed at \$140,000. The contest and demurrer of the trust company against this appointment were both overruled by the Court.

In Department Three yesterday morning the case of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank vs. E. C. Webster et al., an action to foreclose a \$19000 mortgage, came on for hearing before Judge Wade, and the defendants having allowed the matter to go by default, judgment was ordered against them as prayed for.

Upon motion of plaintiff's counsel Judge Wade ordered yesterday morning that a commission issue in the case of V. Bailey vs. the Southern Pacific Company, directing a suitable notary public in San Francisco to take the deposition of Adolph Davis.

New Suits.
Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new suits:
Petition of H. C. Hall for the admission to probate of the will of William J. Neely, deceased, who died January 31 last, leaving personal property valued at \$1811.
Petition of Ida Hancock for special letters of administration to the estate of John Hancock, deceased, who died at El Dorado on February 12, leaving real and personal property valued at \$105,000.

Fred J. Gilmore, executrix, vs. the City of Los Angeles; suit to quiet title to the west half of lot 5, block 2 1/2 of Ord's survey.
Main Street Savings Bank and Trust Company vs. Martin Murnane et al., suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$1051.14.
Kerckhoff-Cuzner Mill and Lumber Company vs. Robert Wetherill et al., suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$3285.60.

Today's Calendar.
DEPARTMENT ONE.—Judge Smith.
Clear.
Estate of E. C. Cranston, deceased; final account.
Estate, etc., of Cranston minors; letters.
Estate of Domingo Amestoy, deceased; will.
Estate of Mrs. J. P. Fuller, deceased; return sale realty.
Estate of Huldah Jane Hayward, deceased; final account.
Estate of W. H. K. Montague, deceased; account and distribution.
Estate of Nathaniel Tuck, deceased; confirmation sale realty.
Estate of A. M. Duncan, deceased; final account.
Estate of Conners Howe, deceased; petition to sell personal property.
Estate of Samuel B. Hunt, deceased; account.

DEPARTMENT THREE.—Judge Wade.
Senior Mader, assignee, vs. W. B. Slougher et al.; revivien.
Atlas Assurance Company vs. Redondo Railroad Company; damages.
DEPARTMENT FOUR.—Judge Van Dyke.
J. M. Studebaker et al. vs. J. W. Beeson, et al.; foreclosure.
A. A. Case vs. John C. Hameah; foreclosure.
John W. Hunt vs. Edwin Ward et al.; note.
Hillocks Trust and Savings Bank vs. Pacific Railway Company; motion.

DEPARTMENT FIVE.—Judge Shaw.
E. J. Durrell vs. H. E. Fraley et al.; on trial.
Christian Jansen et al. vs. Sierra Madre Water Company; for possession.
La Sierra Water Company vs. Christian Jansen et al.; condemnation.
Adelaide d'Artois vs. W. L. Webb et al.; on trial.

DEPARTMENT SIX.—Judge McKinley.
Candelaria T. de Alvarado vs. James Rawson et al.; on trial.
Sarah Burns vs. J. F. Burns; for alimony.

SETTLED BY MARRIAGE.
How the Harris-Flood Seduction Case was Finally Disposed of.

About two months ago a San Diego hack-driver named Jerry Harris, who used to live in this city, was arrested in San Diego on a charge of seduction. The complaint was sworn to by a young girl named Minnie Flood of this city, who claimed that Harris seduced her under a promise of marriage. After Harris's arrest it was learned that he already had a wife, although both he and Miss Flood expressed a desire to become man and wife as soon as possible.

Harris was examined and held for trial, but the case will never be tried, for Harris's wife secured a divorce about ten days ago and last Monday Harris and Miss Ford, who will soon become a mother, were married. Yesterday the families of both parties were chasing around the courts trying to have the case against Harris dismissed, and their prayer will probably be granted today.

Baseball Notes.
Manager Glenavlin writes that he has about closed with McCauley for first base. This will leave only one player to be signed—a shortstop.

Mr. Vanderbeck yesterday received a lot of blank contracts, issued by authority of the new National League. The provisions of the new contracts are quite strict.

If President Mone comes to Southern California for an umpire he might give Brittan a trial. Brittan has a good voice, understands the rules thoroughly and in the games he umpired here recently showed his aptitude for the work.

Vanderbeck leaves for San Francisco today, where the league magnates hold a meeting tomorrow. The principal business will be the arrangement of a schedule for the coming season.

Robbed by His "Friend."
A few days ago an Antelope Valley "jay" named David Stevens came to this city to have a good time, and from all accounts he had it. Stevens had in his possession a check for \$20, which he had cashed with the assistance of a sharper named Stewart Knapp, whose acquaintance he had just made. Knapp seemed to be a jolly good fellow and the two spent several hours drinking together when Knapp invited Stevens to go home with him, which the countryman did. The next morning Stevens woke up and found Knapp and every cent of his money missing. The two slept in the Oakland House on San Pedro street. The matter was put in the hands of the police and last night Officer Marden arrested Knapp and locked him up on a charge of robbery.

"Baby Day."
Tomorrow, at the Boston railroad photograph car, which stands on the track just east of the old Southern Pacific depot on San Fernando street, every mother in Los Angeles can have her baby photographed and get one finished cabinet picture of it free of charge.

THE WATER RATES.

Another Council Meeting on the Subject.
Discussed at Some Length, But No Definite Conclusion Reached.

Statistics Presented by Representatives of the Water Companies.
Some of the Changes Which They Think Should be Made The Rates for Lawns Not Satisfactory—The Cement Rate.

Pursuant to adjournment on Thursday last, the City Council held another informal meeting in the Council chamber yesterday morning for the purpose of arriving at some conclusion as to the water rates to be adopted for the current year, which was attended by all the members of that body, representatives of the various water companies and others more or less interested in the subject.

After the meeting had been called to order President Boushall proceeded to read the ordinance fixing the water rates for the past year, and invited a discussion of the same with the view of readopting or amending it.

S. B. Caswell, of the City Water Company, presented a tabulated report of the comparative rates and incomes of the water companies in San Francisco, Oakland and Los Angeles for the year 1890, the water furnished being for domestic use only, and argued therefrom that while the Oakland companies only collected \$36,977 per annum from the city, they were allowed to collect \$440,022 from their customers at the rate of 21 cents per 1000 gallons, whereas in this city the rate was only 9 cents.

The table referred to is as follows:

City	Population	Water furnished (gallons)	Rate per 1000 gallons	Total annual receipts
San Francisco	200,000	1,000,000,000	21 cents	\$440,022
Oakland	100,000	500,000,000	21 cents	\$110,000
Los Angeles	100,000	500,000,000	9 cents	\$45,000

After a brief debate upon the subject Councilman Innes brought matters to a focus by moving that the ordinance of last year be readopted without change.

President Boushall then moved that the ordinance be readopted as amended, himself as in favor of this motion, as the water companies had asked for several changes, which, if made, would certainly work a hardship upon the people, and, besides, should the Council accede to the request of the companies there was no telling what further changes would be demanded later on.

S. B. Caswell stated that, as his company had not declared a dividend of over 4 per cent. for over two years, he thought it was entitled to some consideration.

Councilman Tufts said he thought the best thing that could be done under the circumstances was to revise the ordinance, wherever it should be found necessary, as far as the rates were concerned, to arrange this matter satisfactorily to all concerned.

Councilman McGarry said the rates on the hills are not equal, as some of the owners of large lawns are getting water at less than cost, and the small law owners are paying more than their proportion. He thought that a rate at so much per square foot would be the proper thing, so that each person would pay for what he got.

The motion to readopt the ordinance was then voted upon, but was defeated. Councilman Summerland stated that last year he had used his influence to secure a 75-cent rate. That was the first time that any cottage had been furnished with water, six bits per month. The people of the Eighth Ward were mostly poor and lived in small houses, and this rate affected his ward more, perhaps, than any other. He did not want the old ordinance disturbed, because if it were broken into the result might be that that rate would be changed.

Councilman Alford said he thought a clause should be inserted in the ordinance providing that a rebate be allowed to persons whose supply was cut off during certain hours of the day.

S. B. Caswell objected to this, however, on the ground that this was only done by his company in districts supplied from two-inch mains, or when the plumbing was defective in any house.

Councilman McGarry thought that if such was the case four-inch mains should be put in wherever there was any likelihood of trouble, to which Mr. Caswell replied that the company was laying sufficient mains all over the city, that the reason why the company improved and extended, but that its perfection was necessarily a matter of slow growth.

After some further debate the question of the rate to be charged for cement work was again raised, and Councilman Tufts moved that the rate be reduced from 20 cents to 10 cents when paid in advance, but S. B. Caswell insisted that the present rate was low enough.

The member from the Fifth Ward said that he had understood the gentleman to say at the last meeting that the only reason for the high rate charged was on account of the expense entailed in collecting it, and if this was obviated he could not see why the company should object to a reduction of the rate.

Mr. Caswell then addressed the meeting as to the necessity for providing rates for fruit trees and gas engines, and explained his reasons for demanding the same.

The meeting then adjourned until Thursday morning next, it being understood that the Committee on Water Supply will meanwhile draw up an amended ordinance for adoption at that time.

Cable's "Grande Pointe, or Louisiana Arcadia," Also "Pecan Jones," on Saturday evening, "Bonaventure," "Clare George Washington Tarbox," "Pecan Jones," "Jules St. Ange." Be sure to make their acquaintance as introduced by Cable on Saturday evening. Laughter, tears and applause follow Cable throughout his readings.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
PUBLISHERS OF THE
Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.

H. C. OTIS, President and General Manager.
W. M. SPALDING, Vice-President.
ALBERT McFARLAND, Treasurer.

Office: Times Building,
Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 29.

Founded December 4, 1881.

The Los Angeles Times
OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VOLUME XXI. ELEVENTH YEAR. NUMBER 78.

TERMS: By Mail, \$9 a year; by carrier \$5 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.00; 6 months, 75 cents.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

Guaranteed Average Daily Circulation in January, 9938 Copies

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.
AT THE OPERAHOUSE—The Rivals.
AT THE THEATRE—Damon and Pythias.

Last month was the coldest January experienced by the people of the Ohio Valley in twenty-two years. They don't take much stock in that theory that the climate of the whole country is moderating, and that by and by there will be no very cold weather.

The prize contest for the best poem on the topic, "The Times Flyer on the Kite-shaped Track," has begun. The prize is a year's subscription to the daily. The contributions should be in this office by Saturday evening. The limit is sixty lines. (For "pointers," see last Monday's Times.)

Is fractional currency to be issued again it is suggested that thin sheets of aluminum might be a good substitute for paper with its dirt-absorbing properties. Here is a chance for inventive genius. The old postal currency was not only filthy but wasteful. About \$10,000,000 of it was lost by wearing out and otherwise.

In the article on the Soldiers' Home, yesterday, by a typographical error *the* *Times* was made to say that the capacity of the new storage reservoir will be 150,000 gallons. It should have read 1,500,000. The construction of the reservoir is noteworthy, both on account of the novel features which it presents and of the economy of expenditure.

ANDREW CARNEGIE'S benefactions include \$1,000,000 for the Pittsburgh library, another \$1,000,000 for the Pittsburgh art gallery and museum, \$800,000 for the Allegheny city library, \$100,000 for the Carnegie library at Braddock, \$40,000 for the Johnstown library, \$250,000 for the Edinburgh library and more than that for libraries at Dunfermline, where he was born, and other Scotch towns.

The proposition of *THE TIMES* to have color guards appointed at the various public schools to take charge of the flag seems to meet with general approval. Undoubtedly the boys and girls would appreciate the distinction, and would prove efficient in the discharge of their duties. So long as the flags are flown as an encouragement of patriotism, it would be well to inculcate lessons of real veneration and deep consideration for the emblem of our country. Let the youthful mind comprehend what the flag really means, and that, as it becomes their duty now to take care of it, so it may be their duty some day to defend it. Let the color guard assemble in front of headquarters!

The commission appointed by Secretary Foster last year to investigate in Europe the subject of immigration to the United States gives in its report as the causes that incite immigration the superior conditions and advantages in the United States, higher wages, freedom from military duty and burdensome taxation, personal liberty and opportunities to rise to a better social level. Thousands come to escape religious persecution in Russia, and a trouble of this kind has appeared in Germany through a recent order of the Emperor. About 60 per cent. of the immigrants pay their passage with money remitted by relatives or friends in this country.

The New York Metropolitan Museum of Art is not meeting with financial success in its efforts to keep the museum open Sundays. In a recent report the trustees say that while 30,000 people petitioned for the Sunday opening, and the attendance on Sundays has been large, the membership has fallen off 225 since the first of April. They further state that while the Sunday opening meets with popular approval, the step remains only an experiment. It has put burdens on the finances of the museum which they are unable to bear. It has offended some of the museum's best friends and supporters. It has alienated some who have given freely of their time and means to the institution. It has resulted in the loss of a bequest of \$60,000. It is hoped that this direct and calculable loss will be offset by a greater public interest and a more generous support, but at present the museum finds its burdens increased and its revenues no larger than before.

A GENTLEMAN whose home is in Los Angeles, but whose business requires a residence in Sacramento a good part of the year, says that the climate of the capital city is excruciating, and that it is the "bug-giest" place he ever saw. There are seasons of the year when black beetles predominate, and they may be found in windows at the foot of every electric light mast. At another season the crickets invade the place, and crawl everywhere. They come in swarms until the building actually looks black. And when they finally succumb to the Sacramento climate and fall dead, wash basins full of them may be collected at the foot of the wall. Another season brings a long-tailed fly which probably considers itself a delegate to something or other and holds conventions all over the city. As for mosquitoes, well, it's not worth while to dwell on the subject; they are of the State of California from which the

TO ADVERTISERS.

Since our present schedule of rates for display advertising was adopted, two years ago, the circulation of *THE TIMES* has increased more than 50 per cent. Therefore, on the 1st of March, 1892—by which time the 10,000 high-water mark will have been reached and passed—these rates will be advanced, not 50, but 15 per cent., in order that they may be made more nearly adequate to the circulation, which is the only true basis of advertising values.

The new rates will then be on the basis of 2 1/2 cents per measured nonpareil line for each insertion, or \$4.50 per square and \$9.00 per inch per month.

The advance will apply only to display or square advertising. The present schedule for classified line advertising and reading notices will remain unchanged. Existing contracts will be filled out at the old rates, and the extra charges for preferred positions and discounts to extensive and long-term advertisers will be continued.

The new rates will be found entirely reasonable when circulation is taken into account.

San Diego and the Pacific Mail.
Regarding one of the statements contained in a letter from San Diego, published in *THE TIMES* of the 17th inst., relative to the contract for the enforcement of the Pacific Mail's contract to stop its steamers at the harbor of San Diego, a well-posted officer and harbor man of that city writes the editor of *THE TIMES* a personal letter. After commending the letter published, our correspondent says:

He errs a little in regard to the City of Sydney in representing that she did not come into the harbor. She came inside but did not dock. She laid at anchor at the wharf at any stage of the war. At that time there was not water at the Pacific Coast Steamship wharf for her to dock there at low water. This was not true. From my own observation I know that she only drew 20 feet 6 inches of water, and that she could dock without any danger at that wharf at any stage of the war. At the other wharves there is more water.

The facts show, all the same, the real tactics of the Pacific Mail Steamship people in their handling of the contract which they have entered into with the Government, so far as it affects San Diego. There is a manifest determination on their part to evade that contract; and it is a purpose in which they should be frustrated, if there is any virtue in promises and compacts. The cities and people of the entire southern coast are interested in the enforcement of this Pacific Mail contract; it is not a San Diego affair alone, by any means. The attempt on the part of the steamship company to nullify its agreement with the Government, and "skip" all the ports from the Mexican line to San Francisco, is a bold and indefensible piece of bad faith that should not be permitted to succeed. Action should be taken in the right quarter, with a view, if possible, to compelling the enforcement of this contract both in spirit and letter. The object of the Government in paying such subsidies to steamship lines is the development and building up of commercial trade between the Central and South American states and our own territory; and this subsidy is intended to work for the common good, and not for the individual benefit of any company or of any particular city. The mere handling or transferring of the mails is but a small part of the benefit which should accrue to Southern California in particular, and the United States in general, by the faithful and conscientious performance of this service. The interchange of trade, while very small at present, would rapidly increase and assume vast proportions, if properly fostered. It is a trade which can, and should, be deflected and controlled by the commercial interests of this country, and the fact that it has been, and is now, almost entirely controlled by English and German traders is due to a want of proper support and facilities on the part of our Government, and to the further fact that California traffic has been too largely dominated by one railway company, and that company exerting its efforts mainly in the interest of San Francisco.

Los Angeles is directly interested on the side of San Diego in this matter. When a profitable trade between Southern California and the ports of Central and South America shall have been established—as it will be—Los Angeles, never fear, will secure her share of the business.

The San Diego Union of yesterday prints the following editorial on the subject:

"FRIENDS IN NEED."
The Union has observed with increasing astonishment and disappointment, if not chagrin, that the papers of Southern California have been as indifferent to the contest in which this paper and the people of San Diego are engaged to force the recalcitrant Pacific Mail Company to comply with its contract as if the other cities of Southern California were not even remotely concerned in the result. Here and there has appeared an insignificant little paragraph to the effect that "San Diego people are still indignant over the attempt of the Pacific Mail to evade its contract to call at San Diego harbor," from which one unfamiliar with conditions might infer that the respective localities wherein these superlatively self-satisfied journals were published had no more reason to feel an interest in the outcome of the fight than the Zulus in Africa, while those who are familiar with the conditions know that the future prosperity of some of these very towns is indissolubly connected with that of San Diego; that if the harbor of San Diego were wiped from the map the entire coast of Southern California would be without a waterway that could ever attain to the dignity of a harbor, and that a blow would be administered to the commercial prospects of the south half of the State of California from which the

power of all the capital of the continent could not rescue it.

But at last the chloroformed silence which our contemporaries have hitherto observed has been broken, and the foremost journal of Southern California, the *Los Angeles Times*, has put its contemporaries to shame by a lucid and comprehensive presentation of the case, and by the candid admission that the commercial interests of all Southern California are involved in the issue. "Jayhawkers," Col. J. H. Woodard, long the political correspondent of *THE TIMES*, and a regular member of its staff, visited this city and wrote a detailed and accurate account of the whole situation to that journal. His letter was published in *THE TIMES* yesterday, together with a couple of the editorials of the Union bearing upon the subject. In conclusion he said:

"The question of forcing the Pacific Mail to comply with the terms of its contract is one which concerns the whole people of the United States, and is of vital importance to all of Southern California. It will be many years before we shall have gained proof so that it will be all that is required in the way of a harbor, and until that time the whole people of Southern California should demand that the rights of San Diego, which are their rights also, be properly respected."

THE TIMES [editorial] article con-
tinued with the following comment:
"This Union presumes that the Pacific Mail's contract to its readers as one of importance to all Southern California, holding that for the steamship company to give the go-by to San Diego would be to put a slight upon and do an injury to the whole southern coast, which is interested in having this ocean steamship service kept up."

On behalf of the people of San Diego the Union thanks its contemporary for having thus fairly presented the case to its readers.

The Union is encouraged to observe, too, that another and a powerful advocate of the people's rights has appeared in the San Francisco Chronicle.

ANOTHER REASON.

The San Diego Union prints the following:

"I can give you a good reason for the Pacific Mail steamers not wishing to put into this port," said a prominent Government official to a Union reporter yesterday. "The steamers do not wish to make direct routes to the East, thereby gaining the South and Central American states and the United States. In fact, it is greater than any one who has never traveled on the steamers has any idea. These passengers are of the highest class, from Europe, and of course prefer to travel across the United States rather than endure the monotony of a long sea voyage. If the steamer put in here those passengers will disembark and take the most direct route to the East, thereby possibly two days, and a half, the greater part of which is consumed on the voyage to San Francisco. The Central Pacific would, therefore, lose this travel. Is it any wonder that the company is so anxious to avoid this port? But they will have to come."

The Water Question.

It now looks as though something decisive may come out of the pending water agitation, in which the people, the Council and the companies are all interested.

In the open discussion of the subject during the past few days, it was learned that an option has been given by the City Water Company upon its property at the price of \$2,500,000, and that the proposed purchasers, representing Eastern and local capitalists, are looking to the formation of a new company with the object of purchasing and consolidating all the water plants of the city under one corporation. In fact, a group of New York water-borne dealers is now en route to this city to take up the matter on the ground.

It is stated that the present owners are willing to accept bonds in the proposed new company in payment for their stock, and that the formation of a new company and the purchase of the various interests will probably be accomplished, whether or not the Council grants a new franchise. If it does so, it will doubtless be with the concurrence of the owners of the present franchise, whose legal rights cannot be taken away without their consent, nor without compensation; but if the Council declines to grant a new franchise, then the reorganization and consolidation can take place under the existing contract of the City Water Company, with the concurrence of all the parties in interest. In that case the life of the contract will have to run its length, when the entire works will become the property of the city by previous stipulation and by purchase.

The subject has already been before members of the Council, and that body will doubtless formally consider it at an early date. It is not surmised what the outcome will be, but it is now generally admitted that the city will hardly undertake to build or authorize the building of new water works without first making provision for the extinction of the existing franchise or contract and the disposal of the present works. Such an attempt would be apt to result in a legal contest, involving heavy litigation.

The matter, it is understood, will soon be presented to the Council, or to the Water Committee, in its latest phase.

The San Francisco Examiner intimates that Adjut. Gen. Allen is in Southern California fixing fences for himself and Gov. Markham as delegates to the next Republican National Convention. Gen. Allen denies the story in toto. He is here on business of a strictly military order, and has received no warrant to fix fences for anybody. The military has been noted in the past for destroying fences, not fixing them.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

GRAND OPERAHOUSE.—Our lovers of the play packed the Grand Opera-house last night—not only filling every chair and gallery seat, but fringing the walls with intent and laughing listeners who revelled in three hours of unalloyed fun with Joseph J. and the great comedy of America, in Richard Brinsley Sheridan's most charming comedy, *The Rivals*. Mr. Jefferson's acting is so ideally perfect as to be above criticism. There is not a pose of his figure, an inflection of the voice or the lifting of an eyelid that is not done perfectly. He is about to be appointed, according to dispatches, American Minister to Japan. Mr. Bonebrake is an energetic business man, and will make an excellent representative.

Love's Questioning.
He. Will you give me this little hand?
She. What can you do for me?

"Mrs. Malaprop." There is no more humorous creation known to the stage than this character of the dear little old lady who uses such beautiful bits of words in such a sweetly blundering way. She keeps the hearer in ecstasies of mirth. God grant the dear old lady many long years to us yet, for it will be a privilege of time, mayhap, ere we will look upon her like to again. The company is almost wholly good—in fact so far above the common range of supporting people that one would be tempted to pick flaws. Louis James plays "Sir Lucius O'Trigger" with true Sheridanian unctiousness. W. H. O'Brien plays "Sir Anthony Absolute" as is fit and reasonable as one could wish and plays the part with great strength. J. H. Barnes makes a most pleasing "Capt. Absolute." His manner is winning and manly and he makes a low lover of the spirited "Lydia Langgish," which was once played by Viola Allen. She is a charming actress and made a very strong impression last night. Her work is full of fire and is greatly aided by her pronounced beauty. The character bit of acting by George W. Denham as "David" was especially good, and Blanche Bender made a very satisfactory "Lucy." The minor parts were played with such excellence as to make each of the players deserving of mention. The same play tonight.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE.—This evening *Damon and Pythias* will be the attraction of the Los Angeles Theatre for the benefit of the Knights of Pythias Bureau of Relief. The drama will be given under the direction of E. S. Laurie, an experienced actor, aided by Mrs. Laura Owen, "Sir Anthony Absolute," which was once played by Viola Allen. She is a charming actress and made a very strong impression last night. Her work is full of fire and is greatly aided by her pronounced beauty. The character bit of acting by George W. Denham as "David" was especially good, and Blanche Bender made a very satisfactory "Lucy." The minor parts were played with such excellence as to make each of the players deserving of mention. The same play tonight.

COMING ATTRACTION.—On Monday afternoon (Washington's Birthday) the California Theatre will begin an engagement at the Grand Opera-house in *The Burglar* and the same play on Wednesday night. On Monday and Tuesday evening, a war drama: *Thunderbolt Light*. Seats will be placed on sale this morning.

"THE TIMES FLYER."

The Los Angeles Times has started an enterprise which fittingly illustrates the "get there" spirit which actuates that thorough newspaper in all its doings.

It runs an early morning train of its kind, a "kite-shaped track" as it designates the railroad which reaches Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Riverside, Santa Ana, Redlands, etc. By this train *THE TIMES* is delivered in all the towns along the road at an early hour in the morning. With every day the train carries more and more of the people who want the newspaper of Southern California. The Mail believes that the Los Angeles paper will make this, its latest enterprise, pay, because it is precisely the kind of newspaper that will be wanted in the homes of the beautiful south. It ought to win, in any event.

"A MOST NOTABLE STROKE OF ENTERPRISE."
[San Diego Union.]
The special newspaper "train service" originated by Col. H. O. Davis, the able executive of the Los Angeles Times, has made a great hit, and the great Los Angeles journal is receiving unstinted and merited praise for its enterprise. The special which leaves Los Angeles at 5:30 a. m. is known as the "Times Flyer." The project is the most notable and genuine stroke of enterprise in the history of Southern California journalism, and is a fine exemplification of the intelligence and real character of the new life in Southern California. The project is that are fast making the south coast the foremost exponent of progress on the Pacific Slope.

"WAY-UP ENTERPRISE."
[Ventura Observer.]
The Los Angeles Times is the most enterprising of all California papers. It has made a great hit, and the great Los Angeles journal is receiving unstinted and merited praise for its enterprise. The special which leaves Los Angeles at 5:30 a. m. is known as the "Times Flyer." The project is the most notable and genuine stroke of enterprise in the history of Southern California journalism, and is a fine exemplification of the intelligence and real character of the new life in Southern California. The project is that are fast making the south coast the foremost exponent of progress on the Pacific Slope.

"A FINE STROKE OF ENTERPRISE."
[Fresno Republican.]
The Los Angeles Times now has the right-of-way on a kite-shaped track in the heart of the Santa Fe's "belt line," and has made arrangements with the company to deliver its paper by a special early morning train to all points on that line, which comprises the principal towns of Los Angeles and San Bernardino counties. It is a fine stroke of enterprise on the part of *THE TIMES*, the leading morning paper of Southern California.

IN OREGON.
[Observer.]
Rose is endeavoring to arrange for receiving his supply of *LOS ANGELES TIMES* by the Santa Fe Flyer. It is hoped he may be successful. The North Ontario people now have their morning papers by 7 o'clock; that beats us down-towners by three hours and a half.

HOUSE TO WRECKERS.
[San Bernardino Courier.]
The merchant or business man who discards his home paper for an outside paper does not deserve to prosper in any sense of the word.

The Courier is for San Bernardino county, first, last and all the time.

ANOTHER HOME PAPER NOT AFRAID OF ITS HOLDS.

RIVERSIDE ENTERPRISE.
The Los Angeles Times, with commendable enterprise, is running a fast paper train to this section, leaving Los Angeles at 5:30 a. m. and arriving here at 7:35. We do not think that *THE TIMES* will impair the circulation of the home papers, but it will eventually take the field now occupied by the San Francisco dailies.

A Speculation in "Spuds."

[Anaheim Gazette.]
We are informed that a farmer named Pierce (not the general) living at Garrettsville, Ohio, has received a circular letter written by Mr. Harter to various Grand Army posts in denunciation of the Free Silver Bill and advising members of posts to urge Congressmen to vote against it, as it would prove detrimental to the interests of pensioners. This circular Mr. Bland characterized as a building document; it was an effort to intimidate members, and part of the building tactics of the millionaire, which had always been carried out in opposition to measures which would give free silver to the country. He denounced it as unfair and unbecoming to the dignity of a member.

Mr. Harter admitted the authorship of the circular letter. To men who were afraid to have the expression of their opinions made public such a circular might seem to be building. He was not a millionaire, nor was he the owner of any national bank. He was more of a farmer than the gentleman from Missouri. He was as much concerned to give the silver dollar

THE SENATE SURPRISED.

Venerable Members Astonished by Palmer of Illinois.

Vigorous Onslaught on the Present Method of Electing Senators.

A Plea for a Direct Vote by the Free People of the States.

An Attack on the Grand Army by Bland of Missouri in the House—Other Proceedings in Congress.

By Telegram to The Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—"If the amendment to the Constitution, which I propose, is adopted, members of the Senate of the United States will be chosen by direct vote of the free people of the several States, and it will be, what it never yet has been, a popular branch of the Congress of the United States." These were the words of Senator Palmer of Illinois in his speech in the Senate today urging the election of United States Senators by popular vote, and his arraignment of the upper house of Congress as a non-popular body was in language not often heard by the venerable members of that dignified assembly.

Senator Palmer opened his speech by saying that in urging the amendment he only obeyed the instructions given him in a most impressive manner by the people of Illinois. The Senator reviewed briefly the Douglas and Lincoln Senatorial contest in Illinois, and then detailed the successive steps and declarations made by the Democracy of Illinois in regard to this subject, which finally led to the Democratic triumph in that State and the election of himself as Senator. He then turned to the United States Senate. The Senator insisted that the constitutional mode of electing Senators by the legislatures of the States was no longer satisfactory to the American people. He did not intend to make himself responsible for the charges of bribery and undue influence that attended nearly every Senatorial election by indorsing or repeating any of them. He referred to them as "the great evil of the Senate," and to emphasize the statement that the people no longer confided in, but were profoundly distrustful of, the methods of electing Senators by State legislatures. None of the reasons which led the framers of the Constitution to deprive the people of direct control of the executive department and Senate now existed. Experience had long ago demonstrated the uselessness of electors for the selection of President and Vice-President. Wealth, invested commerce, in manufacture in railways, forests and mines demanded legislation for its protection or its benefit, and its political power, whether employed in Congress or State legislatures, rarely failed of success. All that the people could gain by the proposed amendment would be enlarged powers of self-defense; Senators would be true and exact representatives of the people and defend their homes and property from unequal and excessive burdens. They would identify the States for the people with the States. "Elections for the choice of Presidential electors, elections of members of legislatures, who elect Senators, elections of members of the House of Representatives, and the election of Senators, are alike influenced and often controlled by the unfair arrangement of districts. If the amendment to the Constitution which I propose is adopted members of the Senate will be chosen by direct vote of the free people of the several States, and the people will be what it never yet has been, a popular branch of the Congress of the United States."

Senator Mitchell of Oregon said he had listened with pleasure to the able remarks of the Senator from Illinois. He (Mr. Mitchell) had the honor of introducing a similar proposition in 1888 and one at the present session. Similar amendments were also introduced by the Senator from Montana and New Hampshire (Messrs. Turley and Chandler). All these propositions were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections and by that committee to a sub-committee composed of Senators Chandler, Turley and himself, and he was gratified to find that after consultation the majority of that sub-committee had agreed to report in favor of such amendment to the Constitution. It was their hope and belief that at a very early day the full Committee on Privileges and Elections would be able to report favorably an amendment similar to the one introduced by the Senator from Illinois.

The subject then went over. Mr. Dolph moved to take from the calendar and pass the bill extending for ten years the laws preventing the introduction of Chinese, but Mr. Hawley objected. It was, he said, a bill of extraordinary severity and he wished at least time to read it.

Mr. Dolph gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

Messrs. Pepper, Perkins, Morrill, Allison, Hale, Daniel, Dolph and Turley delivered speeches on the late Senator Plumb and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Grand Army of the Republic has not infrequently been accused of being used to subvert partisan ends, but today the grave charge of seeking to divide the party against itself was preferred against this great organization, and it was the duty of the free-coinage leader, was the accuser, and Mr. Harter, the free trader and anti-free coinage Democrat of Ohio, the gentleman charged with attempting to subvert the G. A. R. to the interest of capitalists and monopolists.

Speaker Crisp called the House to order this morning, but resigned the gavel to Mr. Richardson of Tennessee. Mr. Geary of California, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill for the exclusion of Chinese. To be calendar.

The Indian Appropriation Bill was taken up.

During the course of the general debate on the bill Mr. Bland sent to the Clerk's desk a letter to the effect that he had written by Mr. Harter to various Grand Army posts in denunciation of the Free Silver Bill and advising members of posts to urge Congressmen to vote against it, as it would prove detrimental to the interests of pensioners. This circular Mr. Bland characterized as a building document; it was an effort to intimidate members, and part of the building tactics of the millionaire, which had always been carried out in opposition to measures which would give free silver to the country. He denounced it as unfair and unbecoming to the dignity of a member.

Mr. Harter admitted the authorship of the circular letter. To men who were afraid to have the expression of their opinions made public such a circular might seem to be building. He was not a millionaire, nor was he the owner of any national bank. He was more of a farmer than the gentleman from Missouri. He was as much concerned to give the silver dollar

producers the earnings of the people as he was to giving them to manufacturers. If the free coinage bill passed it would elect Benjamin Harrison for a second term, and this would be done by the Democratic House, under the leadership of the gentleman from Missouri. He would like to pay members of Congress with the seventy-cent dollar, and see how they would like it. If anything should be made legal tender it should be the coin of Kansas and not the silver of Colorado.

Mr. Bland then had Mr. Harter's biography as published in the Congressional directory read, in order to show that his business life was spent as a banker and manufacturer.

The silver bill was laid aside, and consideration of the Indian Appropriation Bill was resumed until the adjournment, which was until Tuesday.

Secretary Foster Defends His Course.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Secretary of the Treasury has written a letter to the Speaker of the House in response to the House resolution calling on him for information as to whether at any time since the 4 1/2 per cent. bonds became due there have been sufficient funds in the Treasury to pay the same, and if so, by what authority he assumed to continue any such bonds at 2 per cent. interest, and why the same were not all paid at the time said bonds were due. The Secretary says that the 4 1/2 per cent. bonds are redeemable at the pleasure of the United States on three months' notice to the holders. He shows there were sufficient funds in the Treasury to pay the outstanding bonds, but says it was deemed prudent and profitable to the Government to continue a portion of them, and the authority under which he assumed to do so is contained in the act which authorized their issue.

An Important Decision.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Justice Harlan made a decision today sustaining the jurisdiction of the Circuit Court for the Northern District of California in the case of the United States against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. The Southern California Railroad Company, the Southern California Telephone Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company, an action to compel the companies to operate their telegraph lines in accordance with the act of August 7, 1888.

Judgment for the Defendant.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—In the matter of the suit of C. E. Grosjean vs. the Sacramento Lumber Company, Judge Hunt today gave judgment for the defendant. The suit was brought by Grosjean who claims to be the owner of several persons claiming to have owned on August 1, 1891, 1,250,000 feet of lumber burned at the Deetz mill, near Suisun. The suit was to recover \$25,000, the alleged value of the lumber.

Another Brilliant Aurora.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Astronomical Director Hussey of Michigan University, at Ann Arbor, telegraphs to the Associated Press that another bright aurora was visible there tonight, and were it not for clouds a display would be visible rivaling that of last Saturday night.

Paso Robles Oil Fields.

PASO ROBLES, Feb. 18.—Work has been commenced on the development of the oil fields discovered on the Santa Rosa Creek. Indications point to most favorable results. Petroleum exists in large deposits along the creek. The discovery promises to equal any oil fields of Southern California.

His Brothers Wanted to Kill Him.

WINTERS, Feb. 18.—A man named F. M. See came to town late last night and lodged a complaint against his two brothers, charging them with attempting to murder him. He had received some back pension money. Officers are out after the men.

To Investigate the Coal Combine.

ALBANY (N. Y.), Feb. 18.—In the Senate today a resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee to examine into the reported coal combine and report what legislation is advisable to suppress such combinations in the State.

Gone into Liquidation.

OTPAWA (Ont.), Feb. 18.—The Casselman Lumber Company, at Casselman, Ont., has gone into liquidation. The liabilities are not announced, but are said to be very large. The assets amount to \$60,000.

Suspected Train-robbers Released.

DENVER (Col.), Feb. 18.—The cases of the notorious McCoy gang, which held up a Rio Grande train last August near Cotopaxi, has ended in the release of "Kid" McCoy and Frank Hallock, as there was no testimony to hold them on.

The "Sage of Brookfield" Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—David Dunham Withers, the "Sage of Brookfield," as he was known to the turf world, died at the Brevoort House at 8:40 this morning.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

There is three feet of snow in the Yosemite Valley and three inches of ice underneath it.

Committees of the Senate and House yesterday gave further hearings on the anti-poison bills.

The anti-free coinage men at Washington demand a caucus to relegate the silver question to the rear until after the Presidential election.

The regular annual proclamation by the President, warning all persons against illegal sealing in the Bering Sea, will probably be issued in a few days.

William McDermott, who killed John Schell and was found guilty of murder in the second degree at Ventura, has been sentenced to San Quentin for fifteen years. Ruff fell heavily in many parts of California yesterday. Among the places which the storm visited were San Luis Obispo, Sacramento, Merced, Colusa, Cayuse, Petaluma, Gilroy and Stockton.

The case of Julian Laramie, charged with stealing a calf, which has been on trial in the Superior Court at Merced for ten days, was concluded Wednesday night, when the jury returned a verdict of acquittal.

An excursion party consisting of seventy-five Boston merchants and their families arrived in Bakersfield yesterday on a special train. They were met at the depot by a committee of citizens and driven in different directions out in the country. They left going north about 11 a. m.

Gen. Scofield yesterday received a telegram from the general commanding the Department of Arizona, saying that a fight had occurred at Fort Stanton, N. M., between Mesquero and Lipan Indians, during which four men were killed and one wounded. He says affairs here are quiet and no further trouble is anticipated.

A conference of negroes is in session at Birmingham, Ala., to consider the relative rights of negroes and white men, especially with reference to accommodation on cars and promotion in politics. The leaders propose to move as a body against the white Republicans and begin by capturing the chairmanship of the State Executive Committee.

FROM THE PACIFIC ISLES.

Samoans Not in Favor of Mataafa's Rebellion.

No Encouragement for the Malcontents from the United States.

Natives Anxious to Have the Berlin Treaty Modified.

LA BLANCHE KNOCKED OUT.

A Sensational Event That Preceded Last Night's Match.

A Case Where "The Marine" Slipped Up—The Lawson-Conley Mill Won by the Former in Seven Rounds.

Both the seating and standing capacity of the bays gymnasium of the Pastime Club were taxed to their utmost limits last night, the occasion being the light-weight battle between James Lawson, the colored ex-champion of Australia, and Jim Conley of Boston.

The event was preceded by a sensational bout, by which the truth of the old adage to the effect that "the unexpected does not infrequently happen," was brought home to those present very forcibly. George La Blanche, the "Marine," of pugilistic fame, in spite of the fact that he was shockingly out of condition, agreed to stop a husky 175-pound negro named Child in four rounds or forfeit a purse of \$25. Not only did he fail to do so, but much to the surprise of his many admirers the great "Marine" was knocked out in the third round by his dusky opponent, who clearly outgrew him from the very start.

Child was pushed the fight that he would wear himself out and fall an easy prey to his heavier opponent, but he lacked up a little in the second round and coming up in the third saw the "Marine" down four times in rapid succession. The latter got up groggily after eight seconds had been counted out, after his fourth fall, and Child rushing in sent him down and out with a terrific left-hand blow. La Blanche was unable to walk after a rest, and had to be carried to his dressing-room. Billy Manning refereed the contest.

After a brief intermission the principal actors in the chief event appeared, Conley being the first to enter the ring, attended by Prof. Billy Shannon, Capt. Neary and Seward Smith. Lawson's attendants were the two Mannings and Henry Peppers. Mort Curran was selected as referee and the battle commenced with a right arm upper cut to the mouth. Conley responded with a left smash on the Australian's wind; both men fought fiercely at close quarters for several seconds, when Lawson began to adopt a tactics, falling down at every opportunity.

Conley landed heavily on the Bostonian's head and face, but the pace was too hot and he soon tired. The Bostonian then rushed matters, but failed to last, and at the call of time was groggy. Even the minute rest failed to rally him, but he hung on to Lawson's neck with one hand and punched him with the other time and again as the Australian closed in on him. The fifth round was the same thing over again, and it was evident that Conley was doing his best to lose the fight on a foul. Lawson came up fresh in the sixth round but could not finish his man, although the latter was very groggy, because Conley hugged his neck at every opportunity.

In the seventh, however, the referee, who had been very indulgent from the start, pulled the men apart and admonished Conley, who thereupon went to his corner and, refusing to proceed, pulled off his gloves.

Amid a good deal of excitement the referee announced that he awarded the fight to Lawson, but declared all bets off, as it was evident that Conley was anxious to lose the fight.

FATAL AFFRAY.
San Jacinto the Scene of a Sensational Murder.

At San Jacinto yesterday afternoon, Dr. J. A. Sapp, a well-known physician, shot and killed R. L. Pool, a prominent druggist. It is said that Pool walked up to Dr. Sapp and exclaimed: "You know what I want to do?" and raised his hand to strike. Sapp replied, "Keep away from me," and drew a revolver. Pool at the time was walking across the street to Brenner's hardware store and helped himself to a pistol from Brenner's window and asked one of the boys for cartridges, with which he loaded it. He then started after Sapp, who had in the meantime crossed the street and passed through McCormick's shoe store and out the back door. Pool started toward Sapp's home and nearly caught up with him. When he was in front of White's livery stable, Sapp, who had been waiting for Pool, began to run to the barn. Both drew their pistols and began firing. Seven shots followed in quick succession. Sapp sought cover in the livery barn.

The shot which killed Pool was fired by Sapp from the livery stable door. Pool was standing about twenty feet distant. His pistol was discharged in the air as he fell dead, having fired four shots at Sapp, who in return had fired three times. Sapp was not injured. He immediately went to his home, about fifty feet distant, where his wife had fainted on the porch, having been an eye-witness of the shooting affray. He was at once placed under arrest and the house guarded.

The coroner's jury found that R. L. Pool had come to his death from two bullets, one penetrating the head and one the heart, fired by Dr. J. A. Sapp. The city is in a state of great excitement, as both men were prominent citizens and well thought of in the community. Pool leaves a young wife and little boy. The shooting arose out of old difficulties, which had long caused ill feeling between the men.

Dwelling-house Burned.
At 12 o'clock last night an alarm of fire was turned in for a fire at No. 221 Benard street. The fire broke out in the rear of Gaston Sartiat's residence, but as the people have not been in the house for two days it is not known what caused it. The same house caught fire about six months ago, but the fire was out before any damage was done.

The family left two days ago, but did not remove their furniture, and the neighbors do not know what has become of them.

It is not known whether the house and furniture were insured or not. The house was entirely destroyed and only a small portion of the furniture was saved.

THE GRAND OPERATIC Concert to be given by the famous tenor, William Foran, this evening at the Simpson Auditorium, in the sale of a collection in musical circles.

AN OLD SENSATION REVIVED.

A Runaway Preacher from Arkansas Identified in California.

An old Little Rock, Ark., sensation has just been revived in this city, and as the principal actors are prominent members of the M. E. Church, South, the affair is of more than passing interest. Over twenty years ago Rev. Seth Burnett of Little Rock eloped with the wife of Rev. Mr. Herndon of the same place. The story was thoroughly ventilated in the Little Rock newspapers at the time. Burnett was a man of no education and brought up in a butcher shop, but he was a man of some ability, and after he had made quite a little fortune in the butcher business he joined the Methodist Church and married. Two children were the result of his union, and for a time he seemed to be one of the happiest family men in the city. But he got it into his head that he wanted to become a preacher, and it was then that he first displayed the instincts of a crank. He snubbed Burnett for a short time and was given a church.

Just about this time he and Rev. Mr. Herndon became great friends, and he met Mrs. Herndon. Mrs. Herndon and the Rev. Burnett took a great fancy to each other from the first, and it soon became evident to their intimate friends that something was wrong, but as Mrs. Herndon was the mother of four children and Burnett the father of two and the husband of a wife who seemed to think the world was all of him, everybody had an idea that the affair would end without serious trouble.

For this they were mistaken, however, as one fine night Burnett and Mrs. Herndon disappeared, and for several weeks they were not heard from. Everybody, but, as is always the case, it died out and nothing more was thought of the seven-day wonder until a year ago, when some Little Rock people discovered Burnett in San Diego, and he insisted on setting the party who used to be a friend of his an investigation was started, and Mrs. Burnett, who is still living in Little Rock, put herself in correspondence with some church people in this city and soon discovered that her runaway husband is alive and well.

The discovery happened about a year ago, and Burnett was unearthed in the person of Rev. Edgar Dunbar, the name he has used since he came to Southern California. He is now about thirty years of age. As soon as Burnett, alias Dunbar, who has been a minister in the M. E. Church, South, of Southern California for some years past, discovered that his identity was being looked up by his brothers, he packed up and left for New York city, under the plea that he wished to have an operation performed on his wife, and he has not yet returned. His trial before the church for adultery, bigamy or whatever they can dig up against him, is set for the 15th day of March, but they do not expect him back, and it is almost certain that he will be found guilty under church law whether he returns or not, for they have arranged to have his first wife live.

When Burnett, alias Dunbar, first reached this city he engaged in the butcher business, and was known as one of the hardest men in the city. He was very handy with his fists and was continually getting in fights. At one time he was known as the man who could whip any three butchers in the city, but he became converted just as he did in Little Rock, and the next thing known of him he was in the pulp and in a very short time he was one of the most popular ministers of the gospel in Southern California.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Dunbar, for the Rev. Herndon's wife came out here with him, and he has been treated as equals all over the country, and as both were active workers they have done much toward building up the Southern Methodist Church in Southern California. They own considerable property in Los Angeles and other places in this end of the State, but it is not believed that they will come back to enjoy it.

THE POULTRY SHOW.
The Attendance Fully Up to the Average—A Pleasant Surprise.

The attendance yesterday was fully up to the average, and in the evening there was an unusually large attendance. The attractions included the general exhibit, but the main feature of the evening was the presentation of H. H. Bridge of Columbus, O., superintendent of the general exhibit, of a beautiful silver water set, all finely engraved, showing the highest skill of our most modern workmen. The water reservoir is hung on a swing pivot supported by high arched handles with all necessary goblets attached, all of the highest quality workmanship and the most modern pattern; also a case of California claret and a case of the choicest dried fruits, as a slight token of the esteem of the exhibitors and friends of Los Angeles and vicinity.

The presentation speech was made by the president, Hon. Joseph T. Brown, giving a brief history of the association from the formation of only a handful of members to the present time of this very creditable exhibit. Mr. Bridge responded in a very feeling manner. The surprise was great; the recipient had not the slightest idea of anything of the kind in waiting for him. The silver set will be on exhibition on the platform during the entire day and evening. At night the auction of eggs and fowls will be continued, with a fine band of music.

A Lost Watch Recovered.
In a late Mrs. H. Lewis of No. 759 Third avenue lost a gold watch. Detective Insley recently heard that a waiter named Miller knew of the watch and he hunted the man up, who offered to tell where it was for \$25, which Insley refused and placed Miller under arrest. This proceeding made Miller "peach," for he said that the wife of another waiter named W. Deacon had the watch. Detective Insley went to Deacon and got the watch. Deacon said he found it on Spring street, and did not know who owned it. The loss of the watch was advertised in the Times, and a few days ago, when the paper saved, Miller and Deacon had a split-up, and a few days ago, when the former told what he knew about the case, which led to the recovery of the property.

Died from Exposure.
Yesterday afternoon Coroner Weldon held an inquest in the San José Cañon, about eight miles from Spadra, on the remains of a Mexican woodchopper named Francisco Quintana, who was found dead near his camp. He was 35 years of age and a native of Sonora. The jury found that he died from pneumonia brought on by exposure.

The man has been chopping wood all winter and living in a little shanty where he was exposed to the cold and rain. He started for Spadra, it is supposed, some time night before last and died on the way.

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The Hotel del

CORONADO!

Without a doubt is the Grandest Seaside Resort in the World.

A TRIP to California is incomplete without a visit to this superb establishment. Its well-ventilated and sunny rooms, its bountifully-provided tables, enhanced by the choicest delicacies of the season; the pure and sparkling mineral water (free to all guests), these, with a great variety of in and out-door amusements, make this Hotel, in every respect, par excellence.

The season has not reached its zenith, presenting a daily scene of delightful activity and enjoyment. Every State and Territory in the Union combine with the great cities of Europe, sending many of their most illustrious representatives to give eclat and interest to these grand gatherings of the elite in the spacious halls of Coronado.

Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring st., and at First St. Depot. For further particulars apply to

T. D. Yeomans, Agt., 129 N. SPRING ST., Los Angeles.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

(News intended for this department should be furnished promptly and sent addressed "The Times-Society News," accompanied by the name of the sender as a guarantee. Write briefly and plainly, giving the facts without needless verbiage.)

THE THOM RECEPTION.

The reception given by Mrs. Cameron E. Thom yesterday afternoon was one of the most brilliant social affairs of the season. Over 400 invitations had been issued, and the spacious parlors and reception rooms were thronged from 8 to 6 o'clock. The rooms were elaborately decorated and presented a brilliant appearance. The guests were received by Capt. and Mrs. Thom, who wore an elegant demitasse reception dress of heliotrope India silk, embroidered with amethysts. Mrs. Thom was assisted in receiving by the Baron and Baroness Rogiat, the latter wearing a handsome toilet of white armure silk, with diamond ornaments; Mrs. J. S. Owens, in a décolletée gown of crimson and black, and Miss Louise Dunn, who was charming in a dancing toilet of white silk and chiffon.

Mrs. Burdette Chandler entertained her friends at an afternoon tea at her residence on First street, Boyle Heights, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Chandler was assisted in receiving the guests by Mrs. I. N. Van Nys and Mrs. Modin-Wood. The visitors were entertained during the afternoon with music by Mrs. Modin-Wood, Mrs. Dr. Ross and Miss Mansfield. Among those present were: Mmes. Hayden, McLellan, I. N. Van Nys, A. Lankershim, Miss McLellan, Col. Wheeler, W. Pridham, Charles Forman, J. E. Plater, E. F. C. Klokke, W. H. Perry, Judge Bicknell, Modin-Wood, M. Briggs, S. B. Caswell, Dr. Ross, Gen. Mansfield, Judge Widney, S. C. Hubbell, J. Peck, C. Ducommun, W. R. Washburn, E. B. Miller, E. F. Spence, J. F. Crank, H. E. O'Melveny, H. A. Fleishman, R. Northam, E. Hollbeck, J. Wigmore, Dr. De Selighe, George Gephart, Lieut. Meyer, Larabee, F. B. Ross, Stimson, Spencer, L. C. Goodwin, J. Henderson, George Bugbee, I. O. Smith, L. J. Rose.

THE COURT PATRONAGE.
Mme. Gano-Dely sang under the patronage of Queen Victoria in London several of Wagner's more famous operas. She also sang under the patronage of the German Emperor, having been chosen from out of a large number of Germany's most famous vocalists to sing the contralto solos at the grand musical fête of the coronation of the nation. That this celebrated artist's name is upon a concert programme in this city should of itself insure a crowded house. When it is also remembered that the name of another world-famous operatic singer, Mme. Parepa, appears on the same programme in company with the names of O. Stewart, Taylor, Herr Rubo, William Foran, Sig. C. Stanzione and Prof. A. J. Stamm, surely our citizens will not hesitate to avail themselves of the rare musical treat. Our largest and most perfect auditorium, the Simpson Tabernacle, with its splendid acoustic properties and immense seating capacity, has been engaged, and no doubt this evening's concert will be the greatest musical and social success of the season.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Mrs. William Burr, wife of the superintendent of the Pacific Railway Company, was surprised at her residence on Grand avenue on Tuesday evening last, the occasion being her birthday. The following ladies were present: Mmes. William Burr, O. Mayford, James C. Burke, Rev. Jenkins, Dr. Clark, W. H. Holgate, W. N. Neiswander, S. Schwab, J. Chadsey, Bucks of San Francisco, J. M. Boals; Misses Anna Pearce, Bird Sweetwood, Juanita Holgate and Maude Clark. Mrs. Burr was the recipient of a number of valuable presents.

A UNIQUE HONEYMOON.
Mr. and Mrs. William Lacy, Jr., of Los Angeles, who were quietly married at the Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon by Rev. R. G. Wallace, are spending their honeymoon upon Mr. Lacy's yacht, Penelope, in San Diego Bay and vicinity, says the San Diego Sun of Wednesday. They are entertaining Misses Maud Wadham and Nettie Pauly and Messrs. J. E. Wadham and Warren Blackwell on board. At 1 o'clock the yacht went outside with the party and anchored near the flag ship. This evening the officers will be augmented by some of the officers from the flag ship, and a delightful evening will undoubtedly be spent upon the ocean. The visitors from the city will remain on board until tomorrow to witness the target practice by the San Francisco big guns, and Mr. Lacy and bride will return to the Angel City about the last of the week.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.
Leroy E. Canton left for San Francisco Tuesday, accompanied by Ed Gamble.

Mrs. K. H. Wade and daughter came

from Coronado yesterday and will pass a few days in the city.

A literary and musical entertainment, followed by a social, will be given at the Woodbury College Hall this evening.

It will be a rare treat for the many who are going to Hotel del Coronado Saturday evening to tip the light fantastic by the music of the Hungarian orchestra.

W. T. Pridham and Miss Abbie J. Nettleson were married yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. J. S. Thomson, on Washington street. Only a few friends of the contracting parties were present.

The friends of Mrs. Emma Steele will regret to learn that she will return to England in a few days, after a pleasant sojourn of two years in this city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Cunningham.

The First Presbyterian Church social, held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Vallant on Sixteenth street Tuesday evening, was largely attended. The evening was spent in music, recitations and a general good time, after which a bountiful repast was served, which all enjoyed heartily.

Mrs. John Horner, of Pasadena avenue, entertained a few of her friends at dinner on Wednesday afternoon. Among those present were Mrs. Frank Horner, Miss Clara Shepard, Mrs. Shepard, Mrs. Kate Spear, Mrs. Robert Pollard, Mrs. Vickery and Miss Pollard.

The recently formed Violet Social and Literary Club, composed of a number of young ladies, has sent out 200 invitations to their complimentary leap year dancing party, on Saturday evening, February 20, at Illinois Hall. Admission is by invitation only.

A very pleasant surprise party was tendered Mrs. Fred Parke at her home, No. 108 North Hill street, Thursday afternoon by sixteen lady friends. The little company was soon made at home by the hostess, who has that happy faculty. A musical programme was arranged and several of the late operas were beautifully rendered.

The entertainment Wednesday evening in the Pico Heights Congregational Church, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, drew out a large audience, the church being filled. A good programme, consisting of songs, tableaux, recitations, instrumental selections, a one-act comedy and some humorous selections by the Rev. Mr. Collins, was highly appreciated by all present.

It will be a rare treat for the many who are going to Hotel del Coronado Saturday evening to tip the light fantastic by the music of the Hungarian orchestra.

Charged with Embezzlement.
For about two years Lehman E. Abraham has been driving a wagon for the Troy Laundry Company, and up to a few days ago they believed him to be an honest man, but on looking over his books they found he is \$86 behind, and yesterday afternoon one of the firm swore to a complaint charging Abraham with embezzlement. The warrant was placed in the hands of Constable Rogers, and Abraham was arrested at 6 o'clock last evening and taken to the central police station.

Gates' Concord Batters. 210-219 N. Main st.

The Hotel del Coronado!
Without a doubt is the Grandest Seaside Resort in the World.

UNDER NADEAU HOTEL.

WE ARE APPRECIATED!

OUR HAT SALE Has been the most successful one held on the Coast. Our patrons have appreciated the good values we gave them.

THIS WEEK

Do not purchase a Hat until you have seen the Elegant Styles that have arrived this week.

WE ALWAYS LEAD and NEVER FOLLOW!

Our \$2.50 Sale Will still continue in Soft Hats.

SEE OUR WINDOWS!

Feather-weight Stiff Hats. Bargains in Underwear, Shirts & Hosiery.

USE INJECTION TRUE

Guarantees Cure for Gonorrhea, Chronic Gleet, Running Ulcers of Rectum, and Lacerations of the Standing Pustule cured from 1 to 14 days. Sold by Dr. J. C. MARRIOTT, 113 North Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., U. S. A. Price, \$1.00. For Free Trial, Send 10c.

DR. STAR'S

CELEBRATED HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

For Nervous Debility, Weakness, Female Complaints, Skin and Blood Diseases, Etc.

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